US - OSHA SAFETY DATA SHEET

Issue Date 13-Feb-2014 **Revision Date** 23-Sep-2022 **Version** 3

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Product identifier

Product Name Dry Charged Lead Acid Battery (Electrolyte Not Included).

Other means of identification

Product Code 853021
UN/ID No. Not available.
Synonyms Not available.

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended Use Power sport batteries.
Uses Advised Against Any other not listed above.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Address
Yuasa Battery, Inc.
2901 Montrose Avenue
Laureldale, PA 19605
United States
www.yuasabatteries.com

Emergency telephone number

Company Phone Number (610) 929-5781
24 Hour Emergency Phone Number CHEMTREC
Domestic (800) 424-9300
International 1(703) 527-3887

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification

Classification is not applicable to the batteries.

Health Hazards

Not classified.
Lead and lead compounds, chemicals known that there are probably carcinogenic to humans (Listed Group2 in IARC).

Physical Hazards

Not classified.
Charging a battery generates hydrogen and oxygen gases. Exposure of fire to them may catch a fire, resulting in an explosion.

OSHA Regulatory Status

Material is an article. No health effects are expected related to normal use of this product as sold. Hazardous exposure can occur only when the product is overcharged or heated, oxidized or otherwise processed or damaged to create lead dust, vapor or fume. Refer to the Safety Data Sheet for Lead Acid Battery when battery is filled with electrolyte/battery acid.

Label elements

Emergency Overview

Appearance Not available. **Physical State** Solid. **Odor** Odorless.

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Not available.

Other information

Lead may adversely affect living things such as animals and plants. If overcharged or heated, it may erupt and cause a blast or projection hazard.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Common name Dry Charged Lead Acid Battery.
Synonyms Not available.

Chemical Name	CAS No.	Weight-%
Lead	7439-92-1	85 - 90
Lead Compound	N/A	
Synthetic Resin (PP)	N/A	10 - 15

*Note: Non-hazardous chemical ingredients are not listed

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

First aid measures

Eye Contact First aid is not expected to be necessary if material is used under ordinary conditions and as recommended. If contact with material occurs flush eyes with water. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Skin Contact First aid is not expected to be necessary if material is used under ordinary conditions and as recommended. Wash skin with soap and water. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Inhalation First aid is not expected to be necessary if material is used under ordinary conditions and as recommended. If signs/symptoms develop, move person to fresh air.

Ingestion First aid is not expected to be necessary if material is used under ordinary conditions and as recommended. If ingested consult physician immediately.

Self-Protection of the First Aider Do not use mouth-to-mouth methods if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or another proper respiratory medical device.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms Symptoms of lead toxicity include headache, fatigue, abdominal pain, loss of appetite, muscular aches and weakness, sleep disturbances and irritability. Lead absorption may cause nausea, weight loss, abdominal spasms, and pain in arms, legs and joints. Effects of chronic lead exposure may include central nervous system (CNS) damage,

kidney dysfunction, anemia, neuropathy particularly of the motor nerves with wrist drop, and potential reproductive effects.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to Physicians Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media

CO_2, dry chemical or foam.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media Avoid using water.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

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Hazardous Combustion Products Lead portion of battery will likely produce toxic metal fume, vapor or dust.

Explosion data
Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact None known.
Sensitivity to Static Discharge None known.

Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters
Keep sparks or other sources of ignition away from batteries. Do not allow metallic materials to simultaneously contact negative and positive terminals of cells and batteries. Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Structural firefighters' protective clothing will only provide limited protection.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal Precautions No special precautions expected to be necessary if material is used under ordinary conditions and as recommended. Avoid contact of lead with skin.

Other information Non-emergency personnel should utilize chemical gloves.

For emergency responders No emergency procedures are expected to be necessary if material is used under ordinary conditions as recommended. Use normal clean- up procedures.
Personal protective equipment: Wear chemical gloves, goggles, acid resistant clothing and boots, respirator if insufficient ventilation.

Environmental precautions

Environmental Precautions Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas. Runoff from fire control and dilution water may be toxic and corrosive and may cause adverse environmental impacts. See Section 12 for additional ecological information.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for Containment Lead dust should be vacuumed or wet swept into a D.O.T. approved container. Use controls that minimize fugitive emissions. Do not use compressed air.

Methods for Cleaning Up Dispose of in accordance with local, state, and national regulations.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on Safe Handling Handle batteries cautiously. Do not tip to avoid spills (if filled with electrolyte). Avoid contact with internal components. Wear protective clothing when filling or handling batteries. Follow manufacturer's instructions for installation and service. Do not allow conductive material to touch the battery terminals. Short circuit may occur and cause battery failure and fire. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, or using tobacco. Eyewash stations and safety showers should be provided with unlimited water supply. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Avoid contact with strong bases, acids, combustible organic materials, halides, halogenates, potassium nitrate, permanganate, peroxides, nascent hydrogen, reducing agents and water. Technical measures and storage conditions: Store in a cool/low-temperature, well-ventilated place away from heat and ignition sources. Batteries should be stored under roof for protection against adverse weather conditions. Place cardboard between layers of stacked batteries to avoid damage and short circuits. Store batteries on an impervious surface. Storage class: Class 13: Non-flammable solids in non-flammable package.

Incompatible materials Avoid contact with strong bases, acids, combustible organic materials, halides, halogenates, potassium nitrate, permanganate, peroxides, nascent hydrogen, reducing agents and water.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Exposure Guidelines This product, as supplied, contains the following hazardous materials with occupational exposure limits established by the region-specific regulatory bodies.

Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
Lead 7439-92-1	TWA: 0.05 mg/m³ TWA: 0.05 mg/m³ Pb	TWA: 50 µg/m³ TWA: 50 µg/m³ Pb	IDLH: 100 mg/m³ IDLH: 100 mg/m³ Pb TWA: 0.050 mg/m³ TWA: 0.050 mg/m³ Pb

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering Controls The health hazard risks of handling this material are dependent on factors, such as physical form and quantity. Site-specific risk assessments should be conducted to determine the appropriate exposure control measures. Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels as low as reasonably achievable.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/Face Protection In laboratory, medical or industrial settings, safety glasses with side shields are highly recommended. The use of goggles or full face protection may be required depending on the industrial exposure setting. Contact a health and safety professional for specific information.

Skin and Body Protection Wear appropriate gloves. No skin protection is ordinarily required under normal conditions of use. In accordance with industrial hygiene practices, if contact with leaking battery is expected precautions should be taken to avoid skin contact. Under severe exposure or emergency conditions, wear acid-resistant clothing and boots.

Respiratory Protection In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.

General Hygiene Considerations Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State	Solid.		
Appearance	Not available.	**Odor**	Odorless.
Color	Bluish gray metal	**Odor Threshold**	No Data

Property	**Values**	**Remarks**
pH	Not available.	
Melting Point/Freezing Point	252.2222°C - 360°C	
Boiling Point/Boiling Range	1380°C	
Flash Point	Not available.	
Evaporation Rate	Not available.	
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.	
Flammability Limit in Air		
Upper Flammability Limit:	Not available.	
Lower Flammability Limit:	Not available.	
Vapor Pressure	Not available.	
Vapor Density	Not available.	
Specific Gravity	9.6-11.3	
Water Solubility	Not available.	
Solubility in Other Solvents	Not available.	
Partition Coefficient	Not available.	
Autoignition Temperature	Not available.	
Decomposition Temperature	Not available.	
Kinematic Viscosity	No Data	
Dynamic Viscosity	Not available.	
Explosive Properties	Not available.	
Oxidizing Properties	Not available.	

Other information

Softening Point	Not available.
Molecular Weight	Not available.
VOC Content (%)	Not available.
Density	599.3267-705.4575 lbs/ft^3
Bulk Density	Not available.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity
Not reactive.

Chemical stability
Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions
None under normal processing.

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Conditions to avoid
Prolonged overcharge, sources of ignition.

Incompatible materials
Avoid contact with strong bases, acids, combustible organic materials, halides, halogenates, potassium nitrate, permanganate, peroxides, nascent hydrogen, reducing agents and water.

Hazardous decomposition products
Lead compounds exposed to high temperatures will likely produce toxic metal fume, vapor or dust; contact with strong acid/base or presence of nascent hydrogen may generate highly toxic arsine gas.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Product Information

Acute Toxicity No data available.

Information on toxicological effects

Symptoms Symptoms of lead toxicity include headache, fatigue, abdominal pain, loss of appetite, muscular aches and weakness, sleep disturbances and irritability. Lead absorption may cause nausea, weight loss, abdominal spasms, and pain in arms, legs and joints.
Effects of chronic lead exposure may include central nervous system (CNS) damage, kidney dysfunction, anemia, neuropathy particularly of the motor nerves with wrist drop, and potential reproductive effects.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short- and long-term exposure

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation No data available.

Sensitization No data available.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity **Lead**: The evidence for genotoxic effects of highly soluble inorganic lead compounds is contradictory, with numerous studies reporting both positive and negative effects. Responses appear to be induced by indirect mechanisms, mostly at very high concentrations that lack physiological relevance.

Carcinogenicity **Lead**: There is evidence that soluble lead compounds may have a carcinogenic effect, particularly on the kidneys of rats. However, the mechanisms by which this effect occurs are still unclear. Epidemiology studies of workers exposed to inorganic lead compounds have found a limited association with stomach cancer. This has led to the classification by IARC that inorganic lead compounds are probably carcinogenic to humans (Group 2A).
Arsenic: An increased lung cancer mortality was observed in multiple human populations exposed to arsenic primarily through inhalation. Also, increased mortality from multiple internal organ cancers (liver, kidney, lung, and bladder) and an increased incidence of skin cancer were observed in populations consuming drinking water high in inorganic arsenic.

Chemical Name	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA
Lead 7439-92-1	A3	Group 2A	Reasonably Anticipated	X

Reproductive Toxicity **Lead**: Pregnancy exposure to lead might cause miscarriage or premature birth, but reports on these effects are old and might have involved higher lead exposures than are currently encountered. Maternal blood lead concentrations above 30 mcg/dL can be associated with detectable abnormalities in cognitive/behavioral testing in infants.

Teratogenicity **Lead** is a teratogen. Overexposure of lead by either parent before pregnancy may increase the chances of miscarriage or birth defects.

STOT – Single Exposure Not classified.

STOT - Repeated Exposure Not classified.

Chronic Toxicity **Lead**: Lead is a cumulative poison. Increasing amounts of lead can build up in the body and may reach a point where symptoms and disabilities occur. Continuous exposure may result in decreased fertility.

Antimony: Chronic effects due to antimony are alterations of the ECG, especially T-wave abnormalities, myocardial changes, pneumoconiosis, but also pneumonitis, tracheitis, laryngitis, bronchitis, pustular skin eruptions called antimony spots, and contact allergy to the metal.

Target Organ Effects **Lead** is a cumulative poison and may be absorbed into the body through ingestion or inhalation. Inorganic lead compounds have been documented in observational human studies to produce toxicity in multiple organ systems and body function including the hematopoietic (blood) system, kidney function, reproductive function and the central nervous system. Postnatal exposure to lead compounds is associated with impacts on neurobehavioral development in children.

Aspiration Hazard Due to the physical form of the product, it is not an aspiration hazard.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Chemical Name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Toxicity to microorganisms	Crustacea
Lead 7439-92-1		1.17: 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss mg/L LC50 flow-through 0.44: 96 h Cyprinus carpio mg/L LC50 semi-static 1.32: 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss mg/L LC50 static		600: 48 h water flea µg/L EC50

Persistence and degradability
Lead is persistent in soils and sediments.

Bioaccumulation
Not available.

Mobility
Not available.

Other adverse effects
Not available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Disposal of Wastes Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Contaminated Packaging Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

US EPA Waste Number Not available.

Chemical Name	RCRA	RCRA - Basis for Listing	RCRA - D Series Wastes	RCRA - U Series Wastes
Lead 7439-92-1		Included in waste streams: F035, F037, F038, F039, K002, K003, K005, K046, K048, K049, K051, K052, K061, K062, K069, K086, K100, K176	5.0 mg/L regulatory level	

California Hazardous Waste Codes Not available.

This product contains the following substances that are listed with the State of California as a hazardous waste.

Chemical Name	California Hazardous Waste Status
Lead 7439-92-1	Toxic

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Note: This product is not regulated for domestic transport by land, air or rail. Under 49 CFR 171.8, individual packages that contain lead metal (<100 micrometers) below the reportable quantity (RQ) are not regulated. Under 49 CFR 171.4, except when transporting aboard a vessel, the requirements of this subchapter specific to marine pollutants do not apply to non-bulk packaging transported by motor vehicles, rail cars and aircrafts.

DOT This product is not hazardous as defined by 49CFR 172.101 by the U.S. Department of Transportation.

TDG This product is not classified as dangerous goods by the TDG standards UN-

MEX Not regulated.

ICAO (air) This product is not classified as dangerous goods by the International Air Transport Association (IATA) or the ICAO.

IATA This product is not classified as dangerous goods by the International Air Transport Association (IATA) or the ICAO.

IMDG This product is not classified as dangerous goods by the IMO.

RID This product is not classified by the United Nations Economic Commission for Europe to be dangerous goods.

ADR This product is not classified by the United Nations Economic Commission for Europe to be dangerous good

ADN Not regulated.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

U.S. Federal Regulations

SARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372

Chemical Name	CAS No.	Weight-%	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
Lead - 7439-92-1	7439-92-1	85 - 90	0.1

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Acute Health Hazard	No
Chronic Health Hazard	No
Fire Hazard	No
Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard	No
Reactive Hazard	No

CWA (Clean Water Act)

This product contains the following substances which are regulated pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 122.21 and 40 CFR 122.42).

Chemical Name	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants	CWA - Hazardous Substances
Lead 7439-92-1		X	X	

CERCLA

This material, as supplied, contains the following substances regulated as a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302).

Chemical Name	Hazardous Substances RQs	CERCLA/SARA RQ	Reportable Quantity (RQ)
Lead 7439-92-1	10 lb		RQ 10 lb final RQ RQ 4.54 kg final RQ

U.S. State Regulations

California Proposition 65

Proposition 65: Warning: Battery posts, terminals and related accessories contain lead and lead compounds, chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and reproductive harm. Batteries also contain other chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer. Wash hands after handling.

Chemical Name	California Proposition 65
Lead - 7439-92-1	Carcinogen Developmental Female Reproductive Male Reproductive

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

This product contains the following substances regulated by state right-to-know regulations.

Chemical Name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania
Powdered Lead 7439-92-1	X	X	X

U.S. EPA Label Information

EPA Pesticide Registration Number Not applicable.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Prepared By	IES Engineers
Issue Date	13-Feb-2014
Revision Date	23-Sep-2022
Revision Note	Changes in Section 1, 2, 3, 8, 11, 12, 13 and 15.

Disclaimer

The information contained herein is based on data considered accurate. However, no warranty is expressed or implied regarding the accuracy of this data or the results to be obtained from the use thereof. Yuasa, Inc. assumes no responsibility for injury to the vendee or third persons proximately caused by the material if reasonable safety procedures are not adhered to as stipulated in the data sheet. Additionally, Yuasa, Inc. assumes no responsibility for injury to vendee or third persons proximately caused by abnormal use of the material even if reasonable safety procedures are followed. Furthermore, vendee assumes the risk in his use of the material.

End of Safety Data Sheet